Part (i)(III) the indicators used to meaningfully differentiate all public schools in the State:

- a. Academic Achievement Indicator: STAAR Performance Status (Percent at Meets Grade Level or Above)
- b. Other Academic Indicator for Non-High Schools: STAAR Growth Status
- c. Graduation Rate: Federal Graduation Status
- d. ELP Indicator: English Learner Language Proficiency Status
- e. School Quality or Student Success (SQSS) Indicators: College, Career, and Military Readiness for High Schools and K-12 Student Achievement Domain Score: STAAR only for All Other Schools without Annual Graduates

Part (i)(IV) the State's system for meaningfully differentiating all public schools in the State, including -- (aa) the specific weight of the indicators in such differentiation

| Campus Type | Indicator | Weight | | |
|---|--|--------|--|--|
| Elementary and Middle Schools | Academic Achievement | 30% | | |
| | Other Academic Indicator | 50% | | |
| | English Learner Language Proficiency | 10% | | |
| | SQSS: Student Achievement Domain Score: STAAR Component Only | | | |
| High Schools and K-12s, AEAs, and Districts | Academic Achievement | 50% | | |
| | Federal Graduation Status or Academic Growth Status1 | 10% | | |
| | English Learner Language Proficiency | 10% | | |
| | SQSS: College, Career, and Military Readiness or Student Domain Score: STAAR Component Only2 | 30% | | |

¹ If Federal Graduation Status is not available, Academic Growth Status is used.

² If College, Career, and Military Readiness is not available, Student Achievement Domain Score: STAAR Component Only is used.

(bb) the methodology by which the State differentiates all such schools. A weighted average of the accountability indicators will be computed from the number of items meeting targets divided by the number of items evaluated. The weighted average will be scaled to grades A (90-100), B (80-89), C (70-79), D (60-69), and F (0-59) and further used to differentiate all public schools. https://tea.texas.gov/sites/default/files/chapter-4-2022-closing-the-gaps-domain.pdf

(cc) the methodology by which the State differentiates a school as consistently underperforming for any subgroup of students. TEA uses the Closing the Gaps domain to identify campuses that have consistently underperforming student groups. A student group that misses the targets in at least the same three indicators, for three consecutive years, is considered consistently underperforming. Any campus not identified for comprehensive support and improvement (CSI) that has at least one consistently underperforming student group is identified for targeted support and improvement (TSI). TSI identifies both Title I and non-Title I campuses. Data from 2018, 2019, and 2022 are considered consecutive years for 2022 TSI identification.

(dd) the methodology by which the State identifies a school for comprehensive support and improvement. Texas annually ranks all Title I campuses based on Closing the Gaps scaled scores. Beginning August 2022, TEA also evaluates overall scaled scores to make final comprehensive support and improvement (CSI) determinations. Title I campuses with both the lowest Closing the Gaps and lowest overall scaled scores are identified for CSI. First, Texas determines the bottom five percent of Closing the Gaps outcomes by rank ordering the scaled scores of Title I campuses by school type - elementary, middle, high school/ K - 12, and alternative education accountability. Texas then determines which campuses fell in the bottom five percent for each school type. Next, TEA rank orders the overall scaled scores for all Title I campuses statewide (without regard to campus type) to determine the scaled score cut point necessary to identify at least five percent of Title I campuses. Title I campuses with an overall scaled score cut point at or below the overall cut point and that rank in their school types bottom five percent are identified for CSI.

Part (i)(V) the number and names of all public schools in the State identified by the State for comprehensive support and improvement or implementing targeted support and improvement plans. Campuses Identified for Support under the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) for the 2022-2023 school year: Comprehensive Support and Improvement Schools Targeted Support and Improvement Schools Additional Targeted Support Schools.

Ame(i) the exit criteria established by the State, including the length of years established. Campuses that do not rank in their school types bottom five percent of the Closing the Gaps domain for two consecutive years and have an overall scaled score that year that does not fall within the lowest percentile to be reidentified for CSI are considered as having successfully exited. Campuses previously identified as CSI based solely on a graduation rate below 67 percent must have a four or six-year federal graduation rate of at least 67 percent for two consecutive years to exit CSI status.

Part (ii): Student Achievement by Proficiency Level

This section provides information on student achievement on the STAAR (State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness performance for mathematics, reading/ELA, and science by grade level and proficiency level for the 2021-22 school year. These results include all students tested, regardless of whether they were in the accountability subset. (CWD: children with disability; CWOD: children without disability; EL: English learner)

African
American
State District Campus American Hispanic White Indian Asian

Asiar

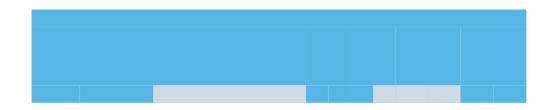
| | | | | | | | | | Two | | | | | |
|-------|----------|--------|----------|----------|-------|-----------------|-------|----------|-------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | or | | | | | |
| | | | African | | | American | | Pacific | More | | | | | |
| State | District | Campus | American | Hispanic | White | Indian | Asian | Islander | Races | | | | | |

| | | | | | | | | | | | Two | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|-------|----------|--------|----------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|--------|--------|-----|------|----|------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | or | | Non | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | African | | | American | | Pacific | More | Econ | Econ | | | | | | | |
| ı | Races | State | District | Campus | American | Hispanic | White | Indian | Asian | Islander | Races | Disadv | Disadv | CWD | CWOD | EL | Male | | | |





| State Number of ALT2 |
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| State Level: 2019 Percentages at NAEP Achievement Levels | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---|----|---------------------------------|----|----|----|---------------------|-----|-----|
| | | | | % At or Below Above Basic Basic | | | | % At Advanced | | |
| Grade | Subject | Student Group | TX | US | TX | US | TX | US | TX | US |
| Grade 8 Mathematics | | Asian | | 14 | 90 | 86 | 57 | 58 | 27 | 27 |
| | | Pacific Islander Two or More Races EcoDis | | 50 | * | 50 | * | 17 | * | 5 |
| | | | | 37 | 74 | 63 | 30 | 28 | 3 | 7 |
| | 54 | | | 51 | 46 | 15 | 13 | 2 | 2 | |
| | | Students with Disabilities | | 77 | 19 | 23 | 4 | 5 | n/a | 1 |
| | | English Language Learners | 60 | 76 | 40 | 24 | 8 | 4 | 1 | n/a |

^{*} Indicates reporting standards not met.n/a Indicates data reporting is not applicable for this group.

| State Level: 2019 NAEP Participation Rates for Students with Disabilities and English Learners | | | | | | |
|--|-------------|----------------------------|------|--|--|--|
| Grade | Subject | Student Group | Rate | | | |
| Grade 4 | Reading | Students with Disabilities | 89% | | | |
| | | English Learners | 95% | | | |
| | Mathematics | Students with Disabilities | 87% | | | |
| | | English Learners | 95% | | | |
| Grade 8 | Reading | Students with Disabilities | 89% | | | |
| | | English Learners | 97% | | | |
| | Mathematics | Students with Disabilities | 93% | | | |
| | | English Learners | 97% | | | |

Part (xiii): Cohort Rate of Graduates Enrolled in Postsecondary Education

This section provides information on the cohort rate at which students who graduated from high school in the 2019-20 school year enrolled in a Texas public postsecondary education institution in the 2020-21 academic year in (I) programs of public postsecondary education in Texas; (II) programs of private postsecondary education in Texas; and (III) programs of postsecondary education outside Texas. (CWD: children with disability; EL: English learner)

| | | | | | | | | Two | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|-------|----------|-------|----------|-------|--------|-----|-----|
| | | | | | | | | or | | | |
| | All | African | | | American | | Pacific | More | Econ | | |
| | Students | American | Hispanic | White | Indian | Asian | Islander | Races | Disadv | CWD | EL |
| In-State Public Institutions | 50% | 61% | 48% | 48% | * | * | - | 67% | 53% | 39% | 50% |
| In-State Private Institutions | 4% | - | 6% | 3% | - | * | - | - | * | - | - |
| Out-of-State Institutions | 20% | * | 11% | 28% | - | * | - | - | * | * | * |

⁻ Indicates there are no students in the group.

Part (xiv): Additional Information - Chronic Absenteeism

^{*} Indicates results are masked due to small numbers to protect student confidentiality.